Compilers

CMPT 432

Lab 1

Goals

Making tokens with your Lexer

Notes

We need to figure out how the characters that comprise the source code get turned into tokens that are (hopefully) valid in the language.

Resources

Crafting a Compiler

- Read chapter 3
- Do exercises 1.11 (MOSS) and 3.1 (token sequence)

Dragon

- Read chapter 3
- Do exercises 1.1.4 (advantages of C as a target language) and 1.6.1 (variables in block-structured code)

Look at the compiler explorer and fiddle with it.

Submitting

Use L^AT_EX to produce a PDF and commit a PDF of your work to your private GitHub repository and I'll take a look at it.

| CHAPTER TWO. LEXICAL ANALYSIS | |
|--|--|
| a | An ordinary character stands for itself. |
| ϵ | The empty string. |
| | Another way to write the empty string. |
| $M \mid N$ | Alternation, choosing from M or N . |
| $M \cdot N$ | Concatenation, an M followed by an N . |
| MN | Another way to write concatenation. |
| M^* | Repetition (zero or more times). |
| M^+ | Repetition, one or more times. |
| M? | Optional, zero or one occurrence of M . |
| $[\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{z}\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{Z}]$ | Character set alternation. |
| *2 | A period stands for any single character except newline |
| "a.+*" | Quotation, a string in quotes stands for itself literally. |
| FIGURE 2.1. | Regular expression notation. |
| if | IF |
| [a-z] [a-z0-9] * | ID |

FIGURE 2.2. Regular expressions for some tokens.

([0-9]+"."[0-9]*)|([0-9]*"."[0-9]+)

 $("--"[a-z]*"\n")|(""|"\n"|"\t")+$

from Modern Compiler Implementation in Java by Andrew Appel

NUM

REAL

error

no token, just white space